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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,249	08/02/2006	David G. Lenahan	10FY-120754	6429
	7590 03/17/200 IULLIN, RICHTER &		EXAMINER	
333 SOUTH HOPE STREET			JACKSON, DANIELLE	
48TH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90071-1448			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3636	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/17/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/588,249	LENAHAN, DAVID G.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	DANIELLE N. JACKSON	3636	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Description of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 /</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration. or election requirement. er.	4. hadha Faraninan	
10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 August 2006</u> is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob-	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/9/07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

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DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents, publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office, and MPEP § 609.04(a) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not been considered.

Drawings

2. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference characters "210", "300" and "400", etc. have been used to designate the canopy. References characters assigned to the same parts must be consistent in each figure, meaning each figure cannot have a different number for the same part. The references characters listed above are an example of a problem that occurs throughout all of the drawings and specification. The other instances have not been listed but must be corrected as well in order for the drawings to be in proper form. Any changes made to the drawings should also be reflected in the specification.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as

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either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: page 11, line 13 – "the canopy leading edge 340" should be changed to --the proper edge 340-- so as to be consistent with the reference label previously assigned to character 340.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claims 14 and 15 recites the limitation "the fixed support mechanism" in the first line. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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5. Claims 1-10 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kida (US-4,474,201).

Kida discloses a canopy comprising: a single pliable cloth cover (35) having an asymmetrical positioned vertex point (2) from which the cover projects with unequal extensions (FIG. 4), wherein at the asymmetrical positioned vertex point (the point where the support ribs meet), the canopy is rotatable around a fixed longitudinal axis (the axis being the axis of the shaft 1) relative to the ground to provide an adjustable coverage zone within a desired stationary area at a time of day when rotated from a first canopy position to a second canopy position at an elevated level relative to the ground. Further regarding claim 13, Kida discloses a fixed support mechanism (1) for positioning the canopy relative to the elevated level.

Kida teaches support ribs that traverse the cover, wherein some of the support ribs have a fixed length (3) and some of the support ribs have a variable length (18) where they are adjusted by an extendible member (FIG. 1(a)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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6. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kida (US-4,474,201) alone.

Kida is discussed above but is silent on the asymmetry ratio of the unequal extensions, however it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Kida to provide a canopy with a ratio in a range between 1.5:1 and 2.3:1 measured horizontally in plan view. Every asymmetrical umbrella has a ratio of extended ribs to fixed ribs and the particular ratio would have been an obvious matter of design choice within the skill of the art because the particular ratio presents no novel or unexpected result.

7. Claims 12, 14, 16-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kida (US-4,474,201) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Henderson (US-2,671,459).

Claims 12 and 26: Kida is discussed above but lacks the longitudinal axis being a tilted longitudinal axis. Henderson shows an umbrella having a cover (B) extending from a longitudinal axis defined by the support pole (C), wherein the longitudinal axis can be tilted (FIG, 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kida to include a tilted longitudinal axis, as suggested by Henderson, so that the umbrella could provide an even wider coverage zone.

Claims 14 and 16-24: Kida discloses a canopy comprising: a single pliable cloth cover (35) having an asymmetrical positioned vertex point (2) from which the cover projects with unequal extensions (FIG. 4), wherein at the asymmetrical

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positioned vertex point (the point where the support ribs meet), the canopy is rotatable around a fixed longitudinal axis (the axis being the axis of the shaft 1) relative to the ground to provide an adjustable coverage zone within a desired stationary area at a time of day when rotated from a first canopy position to a second canopy position at an elevated level relative to the ground. Further regarding claim 13, Kida discloses a fixed support mechanism (1) for positioning the canopy relative to the elevated level.

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Kida teaches support ribs that traverse the cover, wherein some of the support ribs have a fixed length (3) and some of the support ribs have a variable length (18) where they are adjusted by an extendible member (FIG. 1(a)).

Claim 25: Kida is discussed above but is silent on the asymmetry ratio of the unequal extensions, however it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the combination of Kida and Henderson to provide a canopy with a ratio in a range between 1.5:1 and 2.3:1 measured horizontally in plan view. Every asymmetrical umbrella has a ratio of extended ribs to fixed ribs and the particular ratio would have been an obvious matter of design choice within the skill of the art because the particular ratio presents no novel or unexpected result.

8. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kida (US-4,474,201) in view of Henderson (US-2,671,459) as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of Ma (US-2002/0129847 A1).

The combination of Kida and Henderson is discussed above but lacks the support mechanism comprising a cantilevered support at the vertex point by a projection from above the canopy. Ma shows a canopy having a canopy (15) that is supported by a projection (16) located above the canopy that is attached to a cantilevered support (12). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combination of Kida and Henderson to include a cantilevered support mechanism that attaches to a point above the canopy, as suggested by Ma, so there will not be an undesired support mechanism under the canopy.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIELLE N. JACKSON whose telephone number is (571)272-2268. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30am - 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-6670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/D. N. J./ Examiner, Art Unit 3636

/David Dunn/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3636